# **ONTARIO HOCKEY FEDERATION**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# To the members of Ontario Hockey Federation:

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Ontario Hockey Federation ("the organization"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at April 30, 2024, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ontario Hockey Federation as at April 30, 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
control.

(page 1)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
  a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

**CALIBRE LLP** 

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

OUBR LLP

Guelph, Ontario July 25, 2024



# ONTARIO HOCKEY FEDERATION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION APRIL 30, 2024

	General Restricted 2024 2024 (Note 2)		 Total 2024	General 2023		Internally Restricted 2023 (Note 2)		Total 2023		
Assets										
Current										
Cash	\$ 357,175	\$	111,630	\$ 468,805	\$	641,131	\$	679,472	\$	1,320,603
Accounts receivable	486,319		-	486,319		773,368		40,755		814,123
Interfund balances (note 2)	22,768		(22,768)	-		(33,279)		33,279		-
Prepaid expenses	68,396		-	68,396		36,694		-		36,694
Guaranteed Investment Certificates	 1,630,459		2,925,078	4,555,537		1,303,626		2,189,000		3,492,626
	 2,565,117		3,013,940	 5,579,057	9	2,721,540		2,942,506		5,664,046
Property and equipment (note 3)	 17,503		-	 17,503		16,738		-		16,738
	\$ 2,582,620	\$	3,013,940	\$ 5,596,560	\$	2,738,278	\$	2,942,506	\$	5,680,784
Liabilities										
Current										
Accounts payable and										
accrued liabilities (note 4)	\$ 934,943	\$	-	\$ 934,943	\$	1,026,221	\$	-	\$	1,026,221
Deferred revenue	229,175		527,424	756,599		233,450		559,139		792,589
Canada Emergency Business Account										
loan payable	-		-	-		40,000		-		40,000
	1,164,118		527,424	1,691,542		1,299,671		559,139		1,858,810
Commitments (note 5)										
Net assets										
Net assets from operations	 1,418,502		2,486,516	 3,905,018		1,438,607		2,383,367		3,821,974
	\$ 2,582,620	\$	3,013,940	\$ 5,596,560	\$	2,738,278	\$	2,942,506	\$	5,680,784
APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:										

DocuSigned by:		
Phillip M Sil	Director	Director
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# ONTARIO HOCKEY FEDERATION STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	General 2024	Internally Restricted 2024	Total 2024	General 2023	Internally Restricted 2023	Total 2023
Revenue						
Operations (note 6)	\$1,440,235	\$ -	\$ 1,440,235	\$1,556,194	\$ -	\$ 1,556,194
Hockey Canada meetings	4,875	_	4,875	4,178	-	4,178
Ontario Hockey Federation meetings	1,000	_	1,000	1,000	_	1,000
Ontario Hockey Federation meetings - operations	16,785	-	16,785	20,044	-	20,044
Championship	11,000	<u>u</u>	11,000	7,741	-	7,741
Development (note 7)	283,035	-	283,035	489,312	-	489,312
Communication and marketing	1,000	-	1,000	2,378	-	2,378
Risk management	-	124,174	124,174	-	111,873	111,873
Coach mentorship	-	411,100	411,100	-	353,245	353,245
Hockey Canada - programs	55,129	111,844	166,973	58,539	105,793	164,332
Hockey Canada - insurance and assessment	-	7,233,297	7,233,297	-	4,921,234	4,921,234
	\$ 1,813,059	\$ 7,880,415	\$ 9,693,474	\$ 2,139,386	\$ 5,492,145	\$ 7,631,531
Expenditures						
Operations (note 6)	\$1,225,132	-	\$ 1,225,132	\$1,254,126		\$ 1,254,126
Hockey Canada meetings	18,307	=	18,307	24,166		24,166
Ontario Hockey Federation meetings	81,493	-	81,493	124,397		124,397
Ontario Hockey Federation meetings - operations	48,978	=	48,978	23,414		23,414
Championship	114,774	-	114,774	127,158		127,158
Development (note 7)	242,554	-	242,554	239,543		239,543
Communication and marketing	69,330	-	69,330	73,715		73,715
Risk management	-	130,368	130,368		92,803	92,803
Coach mentorship	-	282,887	282,887		175,553	175,553
Hockey Canada - programs	32,596	130,714	163,310	31,140	106,775	137,915
Hockey Canada - insurance and assessment		7,233,297	7,233,297		4,921,234	4,921,234
	\$1,833,164	7,777,266	\$ 9,610,430	1,897,659	5,296,365	7,194,024
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	\$ (20,105)	\$ 103,149	\$ 83,044	\$ 241,727	\$ 195,780	\$ 437,507

(See accompanying notes to financial statements) (page 4)

# ONTARIO HOCKEY FEDERATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	Unrestricted		Internally Restricted											
	General	Hockey Canada 50, Lottery	/50	Hockey Canada Operations	Canad	ckey da Gala :y Fund	Ma	Risk nagement	Coach Mentorship		Hockey Canada Special iitiatives	Total Internally Restricted	Total 2024	Total 2023
Net assets, beginning Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	\$ 1,438,607	\$ -	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	315,127	\$ 1,561,731	\$	506,509	\$ 2,383,367	\$ 3,821,974	\$ 3,384,467
, and the same of	(20,105)			-,				(6,194)	128,213		(18,870)	103,149	83,044	437,507
Net assets, ending	\$ 1,418,502	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	308,933	\$ 1,689,944	\$	487,639	\$ 2,486,516	\$ 3,905,018	\$ 3,821,974

# ONTARIO HOCKEY FEDERATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	Internally General Restricted			Total 2024	Total 2023		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	\$	(20,105)	\$ 103,149	\$	83,044	\$	437,507
Changes to excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures not requiring cash:							
Amortization (note 3)		10,967	-		10,967		10,957
Changes in non-cash working capital							
Accounts receivable		287,049	40,755		327,804		469,108
Interfund balances		(56,047)	56,047		-		-
Prepaid expenses		(31,702)	·=		(31,702)		13,963
Accounts payable and accruals		(91,278)	-		(91,278)		(151,490)
Deferred revenue	-	(4,275)	 (31,715)	-	(35,990)		(260,071)
		94,609	 168,236	·	262,845	-	519,974
Financing activities							
Repayment of Canada Emergency Business Account loan payable		(40,000)	-		(40,000)		-
Investing activities							
Purchases of equipment		(11,732)	-		(11,732)		(14,413)
Purchases of Guaranteed Investment Certificates		(326,833)	 (736,078)		(1,062,911)		(1,254,000)
		(378,565)	 (736,078)		(1,114,643)	,	(1,268,413)
Decrease in cash		(283,956)	(567,842)		(851,798)		(748,439)
Cash, beginning		641,131	 679,472	-	1,320,603		2,069,042
Cash, ending	\$	357,175	\$ 111,630	\$	468,805	\$	1,320,603

Ontario Hockey Federation (the "Federation") is a branch member of Hockey Canada ("HC") with the obligation and authority to foster, conduct and govern amateur hockey within its territory in a manner consistent with the constitution, by-laws and regulation of HC.

The Federation was incorporated without share capital on October 3, 1994 and is registered as a not-for-profit organization, thus is exempt from income tax under the Income Tax Act ("the Act"). In order to maintain its status as a registered not-for-profit organization under the Act, the Federation must meet certain requirements within the Act. In the opinion of management, these requirements have been and continue to be met.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO") and reflect the following policies:

#### (a) Cash

Cash consists of deposits at a financial institution net of outstanding cheques and deposits.

#### (b) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided at the following annual rates:

Computer equipment 3 years on a straight-line basis
Office equipment 5 years on a straight-line basis
Leasehold improvements 6 years on a straight-line basis

#### (c) Fund Accounting

The Federation maintains funds for financial reporting purposes. The accounts have been classified into the following funds:

#### General Fund

An unrestricted fund that reports the Federation's revenue and expenditures related to program delivery and administrative activities.

#### Hockey Canada Operations Fund

An internally restricted fund which reports HC's revenue and expenditures that flow through the Federation to and from its members.

#### Risk Management Fund

An internally restricted fund established in 1997, which reports revenue and expenditures related to programs that assist and encourage members to identify, understand and insure against the everyday risks confronted in the operation of organized hockey.

#### Coach Mentorship Fund

An internally restricted fund established in 2001, which reports the revenue and expenditures related to programs that provide coaches with a secondary and continuous source of education and support services. The programs are operated in conjunction with the HC National Coach Mentorship Program.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Hockey Canada Special Initiatives Fund

An internally restricted fund established in 2013, for the purpose of administering funds received from HC for special projects.

#### Hockey Canada Gala Legacy Fund

An internally restricted fund established in 2020, for the purpose of administering funds from the London Gala and golf event for programs that provide children the opportunity to experience the game.

#### Hockey Canada 50/50 Lottery

An internally restricted fund established in 2021, for the purpose of administering funds from the 50/50 lottery for individual 50/50 Lottery Legacy Plan submitted to AGCO and in accordance with the Purpose, Values and Vision of the Ontario Hockey Federation.

#### (d) Revenue recognition

The Federation follows the deferral method of accounting for any contributions including government grants. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which the related expenditures are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable.

Member, insurance, coach mentorship, and risk management assessment revenue is recognized in the period to which the hockey season relates.

Registration fees for development revenue is recognized when the service is performed. Customer payments received in excess of the recognition of this revenue are classified as deferred revenue.

In all instances, revenue is not recognized until persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the price to the customer is fixed or determinable, and collection is reasonably assured.

#### (e) Financial instruments

The organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value except for certain non-arm's length transactions. The organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost. Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable and Guaranteed Investment Certificates. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment and any write down is recognized in excess of revenues over expenditures in the period when such impairment occurs. In subsequent periods, any previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed, provided that the reversal is no greater than the amount of impairment previously recognized. The amount of any reversal is recognized in the statement of operations.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### (f) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires the organization's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and related notes to the financial statements. There are no items material to the financial statements that require the use of estimates.

#### 2. INTERNALLY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

	HC 50/50 Lottery	HC Gala Legacy Fund	Risk Management	Coach Mentorship	HC Special Initiatives	Total
Assets Current Cash Interfund receivable GIC	\$ 16,546 \$ - \$ 201,217	\$ 2,541 - 307,120	\$ 16,603 4,217 288,113	\$ 65,933 (33,700) 1,657,711	\$ 10,007 6,715 470,917	\$ 111,630 (22,768) 2,925,078
	\$ 217,763	\$ 309,661	\$ 308,933	\$ 1,689,944	\$ 487,639	\$ 3,013,940
<b>Liabilities</b> Current Deferred revenue	\$ 217,763	309,661	<u> </u>			527,424
Net Assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 308,933	\$ 1,689,944	\$ 487,639	\$ 2,486,516

Interfund balances are unsecured, interest-free and due on demand.

Included in risk management expenditure is an allocation of overhead from the General Fund in the amount of \$52,500 (2023 - \$52,500).

### 3. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Cost	umulated ortization	2024 Net Book Value		N	2023 et Book Value
Computer equipment Office equipment Leasehold improvements	\$ 39,760 61,913 23,772	\$ 27,520 61,913 18,509	\$	12,240 - 5,263	\$	8,336 - 8,402
	\$ 125,445	\$ 107,942	\$	17,503	\$	16,738

During the year, amortization of \$10,967 (2023 - \$10,957) was recorded and included in operations expenditures.

## 4. GOVERNMENT REMITTANCES

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances payable of \$17,441 (2023 - \$18,682).

### 5. COMMITMENTS

The organization has entered into various non capital leases for rent of building facilities and equipment. The minimum annual lease payments for the next five years are as follows:

2025		\$ 39,870
2026		40,319
2027		24,640
2028	_	1,738
		\$ 106,567

#### 6. OPERATIONS REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES

Revenue from the operations is comprised of the following:

	2024	2023
Member assessments PSO funding Quest for Gold Risk management contribution Grants and other Interest	\$ 973,741 101,249 140,382 52,500 73,213 99,150	\$ 924,292 285,955 218,372 52,500 33,727 41,348
	\$ 1,440,235	\$ 1,556,194

Expenditures from operations is comprised of the following:

	2024	2023
Salaries and benefits PSO funding Quest for Gold Office and occupancy Professional fees Technology Amortization (note 3) Merchandise	\$ 777,993 42,000 98,389 124,615 112,413 47,298 10,967 11,457	\$ 622,565 248,610 174,245 93,934 63,992 30,649 10,957 9,174
Merchandise	 11,457	 9,174
	\$ 1,225,132	\$ 1,254,126

#### 7. DEVELOPMENT REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES

Revenue from development is comprised of the following:

	2024	2023
Registration fees Sponsorship Other	\$ 263,035 20,000 -	\$ 464,312 20,000 5,000
	\$ 283,035	\$ 489,312
Expenditures from development is comprised of the following:		
	2024	2023
Honoraria Accomodation Facility rental Merchandise Other Technology	\$ 38,105 84,225 41,051 41,889 11,705 25,579	\$ 61,240 55,665 50,985 30,149 21,414 20,090
_	\$ 242,554	\$ 239,543

#### **8. FINANCIAL INSTUMENTS**

#### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that other parties may default on their financial obligations. The organization is exposed to credit risk on its cash, guaranteed investment certificates and accounts receivable.

Credit risk associated with cash and guaranteed investment certificates is minimized substantially by ensuring that the assets are invested with a major financial institution.

Credit risk associated with accounts receivable is minimized by not having significant exposure to any individual customer as the organization has adopted credit policies that include the analysis of the amounts outstanding and regular review of the credit standings.

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the organization will not be able to meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they come due. Liquidity risk also includes the risk of the organization not being able to liquidate assets in a timely manner at a reasonable price.

The organization meets its liquidity requirements by monitoring cash flows from operations, anticipating investing and financing activities and holding assets that can readily be converted into cash.

#### (d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value of the financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The organization is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

#### (e) Other price risk

Other price risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

The organization is not exposed to significant other price risk.

### (f) Market risk

Market risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

The organization is not exposed to significant market risk.

The extent of the organization's exposure to the above risks did not change significantly in 2023.

#### 9. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been restated to conform with the presentation adopted in the current year.